The Caledonian Mercury.

No. 11,910.] EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 18. 1798. [PRICE SIXPENCE.

MUSICAL SOCIETY.

St Cecilia's Hall, Jan. 8. 1798.

THE DIRECTORS of the MUSICAL SOCIETY beg leave to inform the Members, that the CONCERTS are fixed for the following days, viz.

Friday the 19th January.
Friday the 2d February.
Friday the 16th Ditto.
Friday the 2d March.
Friday the 16th Ditto.
Friday the 30th Ditto.
Friday the 13th April.—And,
Friday in the Race Week.

To begin at seven o'clock.

Each Member will receive three Ladies Tickets for each night, on sending to the usual place. Gentlemen who are Strangers, desirous of having tickets, will please to leave their names at St Cecilia's Hall the day preceding each Concert.

LODGE OF ST LUKE.

THE MEMBERS of this Lodge are requested to meet to-morrow evening. And the attendance of the Masters and Brethren of the sister Lodges is particularly entreated by the presiding Officers of the Lodge of St Luke.

Chair to be taken at seven o'clock.

RELATIONS OF JOHN BROWN.

JOHN BROWN, sometime Mate of the ship Turton of Kirkcaldy, Robert Black master, and afterwards impressed into his Majesty's service—died lately mate of a London ship in the Jamaica trade.

His nearest relations will hear of something to their advantage, by applying to Mr Landles at Kirkcaldy, or Mr Macnab W. S. Edinburgh.

AN AUCTION OF PRINTS, BOOKS, &c.

In Martin's Sale Room, South Bridge, on Friday evening the 19th of January, at half past six,

A BEAUTIFUL COLLECTION of MODERN PRINTS, all at the pleasure of the Company.

Just published, and sold by W. Martin,

HALL'S CONTEMPLATIONS, 3 vols. 10s. 6d.

The Remarkable LIFE of the Rev. Mr PHILIP HENRY, fine octavo edition, 4s. one of the best Books ever printed for the Christian reader.

DRAWINGS, &c.

To be Sold, on Monday the 22d January 1798, at noon, and the two following evenings, at Mr Martin's Room, South Bridge,

A COLLECTION of DRAWINGS, SKETCHES, and a few PRINTS, the property of the late Mr DAVID ALLAN, History Painter: most of the pieces being from that ingenius artist's own pencil, comprehending a great many Studies of Flowers, from nature, Drawings of Ornaments, &c. as well as many of the best Drawings, purchased at the former sale for Mrs Allan, but which, in consequence of her having lately gone abroad, are now to be disposed of.

There will be sold, the first day as above, TWO LANDSCAPES in water colours, 28 inches by 20, by J. SMYTH, the most capital and highly finished that ever came from his pencil, and such as rarely appear at a sale.

DUNDEE SEED SHOP AND NURSERY.

ANDERSON and URQUHART, successors to THOMAS LESLIE and COMPANY, beg leave to inform the Customers and friends of the late Company, and the Public at large, That they carry on the NURSERY and SEED BUSINESS at Dundee, in all its branches, as usual, and humbly solicit a continuance of those favours which the late Company have so long experienced—assuring them, that their orders will be gratefully received and carefully executed.

The above Nursery is particularly well stocked with all sorts of FOREST TREES, both Seedling and Transplanted; also, FRUIT TREES and FLOWERING SHRUBS, which they are declined to dispose of on the most reasonable terms.—They also expect soon a fresh assortment of GARDEN and GRASS SEEDS from their proper markets.

N. B.—W. URQUHART undertakes to lay out Gardens and Pleasure Grounds in the most modern and approved taste, and also to give designs of Forcing Houses of all descriptions, on the first principles of utility and neatness, he having practised these branches for many years in England.

☞ Gentlemen may be supplied with Gardeners by applying either at the Shop or Nursery.

RAEBURN,

Perfumer to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales,

STARCH AND HAIR POWDER MANUFACTURER

AND DEALER IN PATENT MEDICINES,

No. 13. North Bridge, Edinburgh,

MOST Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received an elegant assortment of PERFUMERY, which he is selling at the very lowest prices for ready money.

Plain Powder from 6d. 6d. to 8s. 6d. scented from 9s. to 10s. 6d. per dozen, every other article in the line equally low.

As W. R.'s whole stock is selected with much care, and purchased on the most advantageous terms possible, none in the trade have it in their power to sell goods of equal quality, at more reasonable prices, as W. R. is determined to be undersold by none.

Families who are pleased to honour him with their commands, will be particular in sending their orders to No. 13. North Bridge Street.

To prevent mistakes or impositions which has been practised of late, every article from his shop has the name affixed to it.

☞ Every attention paid to the orders of his wholesale customers, and country correspondents.

** To accommodate his friends in Leith, Mrs Orr sells his perfumery.

STATE LOTTERY, 1797.

THE TICKETS are sold and divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths, by

HAZARD, BURNE, & CO. Stock-Brokers.

At their State Lottery Office, No. 93. under the *Royal Exchange*, London, *and no where else on their account.*

SCHEME.

No. of Prizes.	Value of each.		Total Value.
4 of	L.20,000		L. 80,000
1 –	20,000	*First Drawn Blank 15th Day*	20,000
1 –	20,000	*First Drawn Ditto 26th Day*	20,000
3 –	10,000		30,000
1 –	10,000	*First Drawn Blank 9th Day*	10,000
1 –	10,000	*First Ditto 20th Day*	10,000
4 –	5,000		20,000
1 –	5,000	*First Drawn Blank 4th Day*	5,000
5 –	2,000		10,000
10 –	1,000		10,000
1 –	1,000	*First drawn Blank*	1,000
20 –	500		10,000
50 –	100		5,000
100 –	50		5,000
16,500 –	16		264,000
16,702 Prizes			L. 500,000
38,298 Blanks			
55,000 Tickets.			

PRICE OF SHARES.

Half	L.6 5 0	Eighth	L.1 12 6
Fourth	3 3 0	Sixteenth	0 16 6

All Shares sold at this Office will be stamped agreeable to Act of Parliament, and allowith the *Crown*, and round it, *Hazard & Co's Lottery Office.*

Letters (post paid) duly answered, and Schemes gratis.

N. B. Agreeable to Act of Parliament, no business in the Lottery tranlacted before eight o'clock in the morning, nor after eight o'clock in the evening.

Bank, India, and South Sea Stock, with their several Annuities, India Bonds, Navy and Victualling Bills, and all kind of Government Securities, bought and sold by Commission.

This Day is Published,

To be completed in Six Parts, by Mudie and Son, Peter Hill, John Guthrie, and Manners and Miller, Edinburgh,

A SYSTEM OF DISSECTIONS,

EXPLAINING

The Anatomy of the Human Body, the manner of Displaying the Parts, and their Varieties in Disease—with Plates,

By CHARLES BELL.

Part I.—Containing the Dissections of the Abdominal Muscles and Viscera—price 5s. 6d. stitched.

Edinburgh; Printed for Mundell and Son, and J. Mundell, College, Glasgow; sold in London by Johnson, St Paul's Church-yard, and Cox, St Thomas's, Borough.

Speedily will be Published,

1.—The Fifth Edition of Fourcroy's Elements of Chemistry, with numerous Notes, by John Thomson, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, 3 vols. royal 8vo.—The two great objects which the Editor proposes to himself in these notes are, 1st, To exhibit a short abstract of the most interesting discoveries that have been made in the science of Chemistry, within the period of the last twenty years; and, 2dly, In every subject of importance, to make accurate references to the various papers, essays, and writings, from which additional information may be derived.

The first volume will be published this week—the other two volumes in the course of the winter.

2.—The History of St Columba, the tutelar Saint of the West Highlands of Scotland, by J. Smith, D. D. Honorary Member of the Highland and Antiquarian Societies of Scotland.

3.—Lectures on the duties and qualifications of a Clergyman, by the same author.

4.—Dr Smith's Agricultural Report of Argyllshire, with a large Map of the county,

5.—Mr Naismith's Agricultural Report of Clydesdale.

6.—The Life of Tobias Smollett, M. D. with critical Observations on his Works, by Robert Anderson, M. D.—the third edition, corrected and elarged.

7.—An Abridgment of Edward's History, Civil and Commercial, of the British Colonies, &c. in the West Indies, 8vo. with a Map.

8.—Volney's Ruins of Empires, 12mo.

REWARD OF THREE GUINEAS.

WHEREAS, on the night between the 27th and 28th of December last, there was STOLEN from the stables of Alexander Renton, Esq. of Mordington, a BAY MARE, about fourteen hands high, two hind feet white, a star on its face, and a full mane, having on at the time a military saddle and bridle.—A Reward of THREE GUINEAS is therefore hereby offered by the Association for the Preservation of the Police of Berwickshire, to whoever will give information to Mr Turnbull, clerk to said Association, so as the said Mare may be recovered, or the person or persons guilty of the theft thereof apprehended and punished.

Dunse, Jan. 1. 1798.

At a General Meeting of the GROCERS and SPIRIT DEALERS of the City of Edinburgh, Town of Leith, and the neighbourhood, held in the King's Arms Inn, upon Monday the 15th day of January 1798—

Mr WALTER BROWN in the Chair,

It was unanimously resolved,

THAT the Duties proposed to be laid on Teas and Spirits, by a Bill now about to be introduced into Parliament by the Magistrates of Edinburgh, in lieu of the duty of two pennies on the Pint of Ale, and for other purposes, will be in the highest degree oppressive to the Grocers and Spirits Dealers individually, and that it will nearly annihilate their trade within the district in which the bill is to operate.

That these duties give great encouragement to smuggling, and must therefore in their operation be prejudicial to his Majesty's revenue.

That these duties will act as a prohibition against Teas and Spirits being brought into the port of Leith, by which the trade of the port, and the revenue arising to the city of Edinburgh from the shore dues, must be much injured.

That the forms and oaths to be established by the present bill are oppressive and improper.

That if the duty of the two pennies on the pint be given up, much better means for raising the sum that may be wanted in lieu of it may be devised than those proposed by this bill.

That Mess. Walter Brown, John Sligo, William Anstie, William Thorburn, Robert Sheppard, and Alexander Livingston, be appointed as a Committee to meet with the Committee of the county and city of Edinburgh upon the present bill, with instructions to them, if they cannot prevail in getting the bill laid aside, to use their utmost efforts, in every possible way, to prevent it passing into a law.

That a subscription be immediately opened for defraying the expence that may be incurred in this business.

(Signed) WALTER BROWN.

WARK COMMON.

WHEREAS in and by an act of Parliament, made and passed in the 37th year of the reign of his present Majesty, intituled, "An act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing a certain common moor or tract of waste ground called Wark Common, lying wholly or partly within the barony or manor of Wark, in the parish of Carham, in the county of Northumberland"—it is enacted, that the Commissioners therein named, or any two of them, shall cause notice in writing, under their hands, to be affixed on the principal door of the several Churches of Carham, Sprouston, and Linton; and also to be inserted in two of the Newcastle newspapers, and in the Edinburgh Caledonian Mercury, of the time and place of their first, second, and third meetings respectively, at least fourteen days before such meetings respectively:—Now we Thomas Wilkin, Alexander Low, and William Bates, being the Commissioners appointed by the said act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the said Common, do hereby give notice—that our THIRD meeting for putting the said act into execution will be held at the house of James Ramsforth, the sign of the Bee Hive, in Cornhill, in the county of Durham, on Wednesday the 7th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and we do also give notice, that all claims of right of common that have been given in and delivered to us at our first and second meeting, and to which no objection has been made at our first or second meeting, and to which no objection shall be made at this our third meeting, shall be allowed and confirmed, and be final and conclusive to all bodies politic and corporate, and to all persons whomsoever. Given under our hands this 7th day of November 1797.

THOMAS WILKIN.
ALEX. LOW.
WILLIAM BATES.

FOR THE HEARTBURN, &c.

THE MAGNESIA LOZENGES are a certain remedy for the Heartburn, and all disorders arising from sharp humours investing the Stomach and Bowels—are excellent in removing the effects of indigestion, as Wind, Phlegm, Cholics, Fixed Pains, and uneasiness after eating, particularly vegetables, which many people are subject to. They are so powerful a corrector of acidities, as to afford almost instant relief from the painful consequences of drinking sour wine, stale beer, &c.—They are agreeable to the taste, and though gently opening (a quality peculiar to these Lozenges) may be taken at any time without inconvenience. The repute these Lozenges have obtained, for near thirty years, among all ranks of people in England, testify their superior excellence; and, as they are an improvement of the Magnesia, are applicable in every case where that is deemed necessary.

These Lozenges continue to be prepared and sold by W. P. apothecary, No. 21. Doctors Commons, London—and sold by his appointment for Scotland—by

R. SCOTT, Druggist, South Bridge,
HUSBAND, ELDER, & Co. High Street, } Edinburgh.
And J. BAXTER, South Bridge,

Mr Dick, surgeon, Dundee—Mr Dempster, surgeon, Cupar—and Mr Craigie, surgeon, Montrose—at 1s. 1½d per box.

GOLD, SILVER, AND JEWELLERY.

WILLIAM and PATRICK CUNNINGHAM most respectfully acquaint the Public, That in consequence of some mistakes which have recently occurred, they find it necessary to say they have no concern with a shop for the *Sale of Jewellery*, &c. lately opened on the South Bridge by Mr A. Cunningham, writer, Edinburgh; and therefore request, that their Friends, when they have occasion to oblige them with orders, will call or send to their Shop, South end of the Earthen Mound, as formerly.

For the liberal patronage they have hitherto received, they beg leave to offer most grateful acknowledgments; and at same time embrace the opportunity of informing, that they continue to manufacture SILVER PLATE and JEWELLERY in all the branches, under their own immediate inspection, by the most eminent workmen—so that they may with confidence assure the Public that every article sent from their shop will be found to combine the most finished elegance of fashion with substantial workmanship, not inferior in any respect to the produce of the sister kingdom, and on terms more moderate.

The Public have the additional advantage of getting articles manufactured to their own pleasure and taste.

The best price, in money or exchange, for Gold, Silver Jewels, &c.

NEW PICKLED HERRINGS, &c.

JUST ARRIVED,

A PARCEL of very fine NEW PICKLED HERRING, in Dutch Firkins, and Half Firkins—particularly recommended for the use of private families. Also, very good summer dried TUSK FISH from Shetland, at the shop of JAMES REID, Luckenbooths, Edinburgh—who has also for sale, a large quantity of OLD HIGHLAND WHISKY, of a very superior quality, which, notwithstanding the late rise on that article, he is selling, for Ready Money, at his former low prices.

Families who wish a stock of OLD SPIRITS, are particularly requested to apply immediately, as a very considerable rise may very soon be expected. Dealers will find it their interest to apply here, as they can be supplied with Old Spirits considerably below the distillers present prices—Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Spiceries, &c. superior Old Port and Sherry Wines, Rum, Brandy, and Geneva, warranted genuine.

Just arrived, NEW FRUITS, consisting of Currants, Raisins, Bitter Oranges, Lemons, Sweet Oranges, Wine Grapes, Spanish Nuts, Chesnuts, &c.

An excellent assortment of SALT BUTTER, from 1s. to 13d. per lib. Tron Weight.

NEW HONEY, in wholesale and retail.

TO BE SOLD,

AN Elegant and Commodious HOUSE in George Street, consisting of fifteen fire-rooms, besides the kitchen, which is in the back area—Stable for four horses, double coach-house, with laundry over it—besides larder, scullery, and other conveniencies.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Lamb, upholsterer and cabinet-maker, South Bridge.

HOUSE IN GEORGE's STREET.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT HOUSE, being the first flat of No. 18, on the south side of George's Street, at the head of Hanover Street, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, kitchen, two bed-rooms, two light bed-closets, pantry, and several other closets and presses; with two cellars, a larder, and wine catacombs in the sunk area.

For further particulars, application may be made to Robert Hill, writer to the signet, North Charlotte Street.

HOUSE IN GEORGE-SQUARE.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

THAT HOUSE in GEORGE SQUARE, north side, presently possessed by William Fairholme, Esq. with coach-house, stable, and other conveniencies behind.

If not sold, it will be let—entry at Whitsunday next.

To be seen on Wednesdays and Saturdays—from twelve to three o'clock.

For further particulars, apply to John Scott Lindesay, writer, No. 11. St James's Street.

HOUSES IN THE NEW TOWN.

To be SOLD on moderate terms,

THAT DWELLING-HOUSE in South Frederick Street, corner of Rose Street, consisting of elegant dining and drawing rooms, two large bed rooms and bed closet, kitchen, pantry, and cellars, with the privilege of a water pipe, and other conveniencies.

Also, the ATTIC STOREY above the same, which may either be possessed separately, as at present, or along with the other flat.

Also to be Sold, a SMALL HOUSE in Rose Street, adjoining the above.

The premises to be seen from one to three o'clock, by calling at Mrs Weir's shop, next door.

For particulars, apply to John Douglas, W. S. Thistle Street.

HOUSE IN GEORGE STREET.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 1st of February next, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, at one o'clock afternoon,

THAT HOUSE on the south side of GEORGE STREET, betwixt the Assembly Rooms and Frederick Street, now possessed by Lord Forbes, at the rent of 70l. and formerly by the late Mrs Maitland of Soutra.

The house consists of a dining and drawing room, parlour, and two bed rooms, on the first floor; and below of a kitchen and three rooms, let in with the house, and two apartments now let separately, but which can be again thrown into the house, if required.

To be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from twelve to three o'clock; and the conditions of roup and title deeds will be shewn by Roger Ayrton, writer to the signet.

DWELLING-HOUSE, &c. IN LEITH.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 7th day of February next, between the hours of one and two afternoon,

THAT Elegant DWELLING-HOUSE in Constitution Street, Leith, with the Garden, Coach-house, and Stables, as presently possessed by Mr Cheape.

AS ALSO,

That DWELLING-HOUSE, possessed by Mr Millar, fronting Quality Street, with the warehouses and cellars adjoining thereto, occupied by Mess. William Hagart and Sons.

The articles of roup and progress of writs may be seen in the hands of A. M. Guthrie, and Andrew Storie, W. S. No. 24. North Hanover Street, who have power to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

VILLA OF NORTH MERCHISTON.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 24th day of January 1798, between the hours of three and four afternoon,

THE VILLA of NORTH MERCHISTON, a few minutes walk from Prince's Street, on the Glasgow road, containing about 35 Scots, or 44 acres statute measure.

Also, GROUND RENTS, due out of four houses in Adam's Square, amounting yearly to 21l. Sterling.

For particulars apply to Mr Sandilands, W. S. North St Andrew's Street, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

HOUSE IN JAMES'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD by private bargain, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT HOUSE, being the Third Storey above the Pavement, and Second Door of the Stair, in St James's Square, No. 2, consisting of dining-room, drawing-room, kitchen, two bed-rooms, a large light bed-closet, two pantries, and several other closets and presses, with two cellars, and the privilege of a pump-well, presently possessed by Mrs Hutton. The house is agreeably situated and of easy access, commands a pleasant view of the immediate gardens of the Register and Excise offices, and is extremely well aired and lighted.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Beggie, W. S. St James's Square, who has power from the proprietor to conclude a bargain.

This Day were Published,

By James Dickson, Peter Hill, James Simpson, Arch. Constable, Manners and Miller, Stuart Clyne, George Street, and Robert Jack, North Bridge,

PLANS

FOR THE

DEFENCE OF GREAT BRITAIN & IRELAND.

BY LIEUT. COLONEL DIROM,

Deputy Quarter-Master-General in North Britain—2s. 6d. sewed.

Printed for Cadell & Davies, Egerton & Wright, London—and W. Creech, & Mundell & Son, & J. Mundell, College, Glasgow.

Where also may be had,

1. A NARRATIVE of the Campaign in India, which terminated the War with Tippoo Sultan 1792, with Maps and Plates illustrative of the subject, and a View of Seringapatam, By Colonel Dirom—quarto, 1l. 1s. boards.
2. Wright's FAMILY BIBLE, 1 vols 4to. 2l. 2s. bound.
3. EPISTLE from Lady Grange to Edward D——, Esq. written during her confinement in the Island of St Kilda, 4to. 2s. sewed.

SALE OF WOOLLEN DRAPERY GOODS, &c.

At and before Cop.

THE Copartnery between FRANCIS SHAND and THOMAS NEILSON, under the firm of SHAND and NEILSON, being dissolved by mutual consent, on the 31st of last month—The Public are respectfully informed, that the STOCK of GOODS belonging to that Copartnery are now SELLING OFF WITHOUT RESERVE, at and below cost, at their Shop No. 19. South Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

The Goods, besides many other articles, consist chiefly of the following, viz.

Best Superfine Cloths, in great variety of colours.
Second Cloths, Lavery Cloths and Duffles.
Swandowns, Beaverets, Toilanets, Quiltings, Cassimeres, Silesias, Cords, &c. &c. for Vests and Breeches.
Flannels, Fustians, and other Linings.
Silk, Cotton, and Worsted Stockings.

PARTICULARLY,

A very full assortment of Coloured and White SHETLAND HOSE, from 1s. to 30s. per Pair.

Superfine Cloths, from 14s. 6d. to 16s. per yard, and every other article proportionably low.

The above Goods contain every thing that is *New* and *Fashionable* in the Woollen Drapery line, and being intended for a customary trade, and selected with the utmost care, the Public may rest assured, that every article is of the best quality that the prices respectively will admit of.

SHAND and NEILSON return their warmest acknowledgements to their Friends and Customers for their many favours; and as the affairs of the Copartnery must be speedily winded up, it is earnestly requested, that such of their friends as have accounts with them will be so obliging as to order payment as soon as possible.

N. B.—THOMAS NEILSON proposes to continue the Business on his own account, and at the same Shop, with an entire *New Assortment* of Goods; and as his utmost endeavours will always be exerted to procure every thing that is *New* and *Fashionable* in his line—The Friends and Customers of the Copartnery are respectfully and earnestly requested for a continuance of their favours to him.

FRANCIS SHAND.
THOMAS NEILSON.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

THE CERES,

(A New Vessel)

JAMES M'INTOSH Master,

Now on the birth at Hoar's Wharf taking on board goods for Leith, Edinburgh, and country adjacent, (deliverable at Leith) and will sail 24th January, with convoy.

N. B. As the Ceres is engaged to bring down a considerable quantity of Government stores, the day of sailing, and a convoy may be depended on.

FOR NEW YORK,

The fast sailing copper-bottomed American Ship

FANNY,

DANIEL H. DRAINER Master,

Now at Greenock, will be ready to take on board goods by the 5th of February, and will be clear to sail by the 20th.

For freight or passage, please apply to Robert Allan, Esq. Edinburgh, George Buchanan, youngest, Glasgow, or to John Buchanan, merchant, Greenock.

FOR NORFOLK AND JAMES' RIVER, VIRGINIA,

The good Brigantine,

MOSES MYRES,

RICHARD OWENS Master,

Now in Leith harbour ready to take on board goods, and will be clear to sail about the middle of January.

For freight or passage, apply to William Grinly, broker in Leith, or the Captain on board the ship.

LEITH, 25th December, 1797.

Sale of a Spanish Ship and Cargo.

By Authority of the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury,

To be Sold by Public Auction, at the Countinghouse of Ramsay, Williamson and Co. merchants in Leith, on Tuesday the 23d day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE HULL

OF THE

SPANISH SHIP SAN ANTONIO,

Alexo El Trahmbanero, Francis Cocoli late Master, burthen about 300 tons, taken in the North Sea, on her voyage from Petersburgh to Barcelona, by his Majesty's Ship Hawke, Bernard Hale, Esq. commander.

ALSO,

The RIGGING and MATERIALS of the said Spanish Ship, and her CARGO, consisting of

1700 Balls Ruffia Wheat	95 Pieces Sail Cloth
17 Tons Iron	150 Pieces Ruffia Linen
15 Tons Hemp	8 Pieces Stript do.
1:1:5 Cork	1 Piece Checque do.
0:3:25 Deals	AND
1 Bag of Cotton	1 Piece of Drilling.

The Goods may be seen on Saturday and Monday preceding the Sale, and Catalogues may be had by applying to

RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and Co.

Leith, December 29 97.

SALE BY THE CANDLE,

By order of the High Court of Admiralty,

In about a month's time, at Cork in Ireland, and there to be delivered,

THE Portuguese Ship and CARGO of the NOSSA SENHORA DE PATROCINIO E ST ANNA, captured by the French on her voyage from Pernambuco to Oporto, and recaptured by his Majesty's ship of war the Doris, the Right Hon. Lord Randolph Commander.

The Cargo consisting of about

600 Chests of BRAZIL SUGAR.
250 Bags of ditto COTTON,
HIDES—and other Goods.

Particulars of which will be timely delivered by Mr A. J. Saurpaye, at Cork—and by Messrs. Burmester and Nash, Bishopsgate Street, London.

Jan. 9. 1798.

LONDON GAZETTE, *January 13.*

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, January 13. 1798.

Copy of a letter from Admiral Sir Richard King, Bart. Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels at Plymouth, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated Cambridge, in Hamoaze, January 7. 1798.

SIR,

YOU will be pleased to acquaint their Lordships, that his Majesty's hired cutter Stag arrived this day with La Zelie, French lugger privateer, carrying 4 guns and 47 men, which she captured the 5th instant off the Start. I am, &c. R. King.

Copy of a letter from Admiral Peyton, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels in the Downs, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated on board the Overyssel, January 12. 1798.

SIR,

I herewith send you inclosed a letter I have this day received from Captain Lloyd, of his Majesty's sloop Racoon, of this date, stating his having captured Le Policrate French privateer cutter, carrying 16 guns and 72 men, yesterday morning, off Beachy Head, which letter you will be pleased to lay before their Lordships.

I am, &c. Joseph Peyton.

Racoon, in the Downs, Jan. 12. 1798.

SIR,

I beg leave to acquaint you, that yesterday morning at seven A. M. Beachy Head bearing north east, distant about seven leagues, I discovered a cutter in the south east. I immediately made all sail in chace, and, after a running fire of two hours, (within musquet shot) came up with and captured Le Policrate French privateer, carrying 72 men, and mounting 16 guns, 5 of which were thrown overboard during the chace. She is an entire new vessel, copper-bottomed, completely fitted for three months, and bound to the West Indies; sailed from Dunkirk on Tuesday last, and had not taken any thing. It is a matter of much concern for me to add, that, in consequence of my being under the necessity of carrying a very heavy press of sail, my deck (the chace being on the lee bow) was exposed to a very heavy fire of musquetry and grape shot from his stern chace guns, by which Mr George Kennedy, the master, was killed, in whom the service has lost a most experienced seaman and a gallant officer; four seamen were also wounded, two severely.

I have the honour, &c. Rob. Lloyd.

Admiral Peyton, &c. &c. Downs.

FRANCE.

PROCLAMATION

OF THE FRENCH DIRECTORY TO THE FRENCH PEOPLE.

CITIZENS, *Paris, 17 Nivose, Jan. 6.*

The Legislative Body has just solemnly sanctioned the patriotic offering made to the Directory by the merchants of Paris, by publishing the law respecting the English loan; the Executive Directory will now recall to your mind the motives that must give you all an interest in the success of this measure.—Citizens, conquerors of Europe, you have none but one enemy, who lords it over the seas, and pretends to exclude you from them. The agriculture, the commerce, and the industry of France, every thing is bound down and shackled by the English fleets which block up our ports. But it more particularly belongs to you, French merchants, manufacturers, and ship-owners, to second with all your zeal the example that has been set to you by the commercial interest of Paris. Have you listened to the Minister of Great Britain, who informs you with the most insulting ostentation, that the English commerce is to that of France as 18 to 2; that the imports and exports do not amount in France to more than 400 millions, and that in England they amount to more than seven milliards French. Have you a moment to lose in bassling those calculations of English avidity? France has been obliged to make a temporary sacrifice of her credit to the success of the war. But now victory ought to repay its sacrifices, and at the same time secure to it that portion of metallic wealth, and that rank which the nature and extent of its territory, its population, its coasts, and its rivers challenge and mark out to it among the commercial powers. On this, worthy merchants, you ought seriously to reflect. The national credit should be the great foundation of your wealth. You see the activity of Government in prohibiting all English merchandize, while it is equally anxious to open new outlets for the produce of French industry.

The cause we refer you to is your own. Whatever exertion you may make for the success of the war you will have made for yourselves—for the prosperity of your manufactures—for the interest of your families—and for that of your posterity. Citizens of every calling, reflect on the important consequences which must result from the effort which you are about to exert in order to humble and punish the pride of the Cabinet of London. For more than a century England has not ceased to disturb the tranquility of Europe; her restless and unrelenting ambition has been ever vexing and turmoiling the Continent, from which she imagined herself to be invincibly separated. Frenchmen, it is your duty to teach that island, that notwithstanding its insular situation it is by no means inaccessible, and that you may carry back into its bosom the calamities which it has brought home to your fire-sides. England once disarmed and vanquished, a perpetual peace is from that instant established, and the balance of Europe settled on a permanent basis; for the French Republic, too strong to be attacked, will feel no motive to attack others; her greatness will set her above the flights of ambition, and she will feel no desire of transgressing her own limits. Your success may, therefore, be insured. Vanquish the English, and you bestow peace on yourselves, and on your posterity; you communicate its blessings to the whole human race. Your battles are the last that it shall be necessary to fight. With you military glory shall make its stand, and even future ages shall not produce any rivals of the heroes of France. But it is not enough to talk to you of glory.—The French revolution disturbed from its course by such numberless obstacles of every kind, will now be anxious to return towards its source,—it ought never to be forgotten that philosophy was its principle, liberty its object, and above all that its defenders took up arms for the happiness of nations. Frenchmen, it is your ambition to overthrow the dominion of the English Cabinet; but it is by no means your wish to enslave the English people. After the unchecked success of the Republican arms, that people will owe you the obligation of having rescued them from the weight of enormous taxes which oppress their towns and villages. England shall no longer behold eighteen thousand soldiers, eighteen thousand foreigners traverse the ocean, to threaten her inhabitants with an immediate servitude.

[*Here there is some abuse of the King, which we must omit.*]

Hasten, therefore, Citizens, to vindicate the freedom of that nation, whom you separate from the hatred which is due to her oppressors. Let the French, ever loyal, and ever invincible, approve themselves in England both the oppressors of the Ministry and the saviours of its citizens—the conquerors of the Court, and the deliverers of the people. Be assured too, that Englishmen, restored to freedom, will hasten to sue you for a glorious peace. The English themselves compare the Machiavelism of their Government with the good faith of France. They themselves have admired the moderation of the French Republic in the treaty with Austria. They know that in this contest, which their Government compels you to renew, whatever may be the event, all the decisive chances are against England. If France is victorious in the first attack, the Government of Great Britain will tumble to pieces under the weight of an immense debt. If any reverses retard your success, the English must have seen that nothing can damp your courage, and nothing weary your perseverance.—The more the efforts of the French are prolonged, the more the debt of indemnifications will augment, and Europe knows that this debt will be discharged, sooner or later. What has been the consequence of that formidable league, which the Cabinet of St James's had organized against you at Pilnitz? They compelled you to fight for your independence; you have conquered Belgium. They disputed the possession of Belgium.—In defending it, you conquered Lombardy; in defending Lombardy, you restored to France the boundary of the Rhine. The war against you began in 1792, forty leagues from Paris; you put an end to it in 1797, thirty leagues from Vienna. Every obstacle opposed to peace has only given the signal of new victories.

O Frenchmen of all parties, the English have done you much evil. Their Cabinet has excited your internal discords. It was it which roused Europe against you. It was the Cabinet of St James's that armed you against one another. Turn your arms against it, unite, march to London. There you will extirpate the cause of all your calamities. You will find at London the advantages of external peace, and the end of your troubles. Having no longer any enemies to conquer, you will think only of founding the Republic upon repose and happiness. You have traversed a long career, and attained your object.—Already many concurring presentiments announce victory. The power of enthusiasm has no limits in France. In order to presage your success, measure only your will. Your enemies have but one hope, and that is, influencing your opinions, if they can, in discouraging and disuniting you. It is in your own minds that they wish to combat you; on any other ground you need not fear them. Prove by the effect that you have but one sentiment, that every one for himself is anxious to contribute to the great national work; that every one, according to his resources, interests himself in the proposed loan. Let your promptitude to accomplish this object be the omen and the image of the terrible rapidity with which the expedition must be conducted, and be assured that, at the very news of this unanimous movement, the Cabinet of London will already be vanquished. P. Barras, President.

Legarde, Secretary.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

JANUARY 3.

MESSAGE OF THE DIRECTORY TO THE COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED, ON THE SUBJECT OF ENGLISH MERCHANDIZE, 15 NIVOSE, JANUARY 4.

"CITIZENS REPRESENTATIVES,

"Upon this day, 15 Nivose, January 4. and at the very moment the Executive Directory sends you the present message, the Municipal Administrations, the Justices of Peace, the Commissioners of the Directory, and the Superintendants of the Customs, are employed in the principal towns of all the departments, in all the ports, and all the principal communes of the Republic, in seizing the English merchandize at present in France, or introduced into its territory, in contravention of the law of 10 Brumaire, year five. Such is the first act by which, now that peace is bestowed upon the Continent, the war declared so long against England, is at length about to assume the real character which becomes it. The French will not allow a Power, which endeavours to found its prosperity upon the misery of other nations, to rear its commerce upon the ruin of that of other States, and which aspiring to the dominion of the seas, attempts every where to introduce the articles of its manufacture, and to receive nothing from foreign industry, any longer to enjoy the fruit of its guilty speculations. The English Government, during the war, has paid with the produce of her manufactures, the Powers of the coalition. They have violated all the principles of the laws of nations, by shackling the relations of neutral powers. They have seized the provisions, the grain, the articles of subsistence, which they conceived to be destined for France. They declared contraband whatever they thought might be useful to the Republic, and endeavoured to starve it. All the citizens of France now call for vengeance. When they apprehended the capture of vessels sailing under their colours, they bribed foreign captains to take on board English merchandize, and introduce it thus by fraud and cunning, or otherwise, into other States, and particularly into the French Republic. The neutral Powers must be aware, that by this conduct their merchants took part in the war, and that they lent aid to one of the belligerent Powers. One party likewise is as much served when the means of augmenting its forces are procured, as when another State joins its forces with those of the Powers at war. The neutral Powers must have perceived that England, by stopping the vessels of other Powers, laden in their respective ports, and bound for France, by prohibiting the circulation of all goods of her own manufacture, aimed at exclusive commerce, and that reparation of such an attempt ought to be insisted upon. Marine law and the rule of 1704, declare lawful prizes the vessels and cargoes in which are found English merchandize belonging to the enemy. These provisions ought to be extended. The interest of Europe requires it. The Directory is of opinion, that it is urgent and necessary to pass a law, declaring that the character of vessels, as far as regards their being neutral or hostile, shall be determined by their cargo, and that the cargo shall not be covered by the flag. Accordingly every vessel found at sea, having on board English provisions and merchandize as its cargo, either in whole or in part, shall be declared lawful prize, whoever may be the proprietors of those provisions and merchandize, which shall be held contraband by the single circumstance of their coming from England, or her possessions. It might be useful meanwhile to declare that, except in the case of being driven in by stress of weather, the ports of the Republic shall be shut against all foreign vessels which, in the course of their voyage, shall have entered the ports of England. The Executive Directory calls upon you, Citizens Representatives, to adopt those measures. No neutral nor allied Powers can mistake their object, nor complain of it, unless they be already abandoned to England. The infallible effect of the measure is, to raise the value of the produce of their toil and industry, to augment the prosperity of their commerce, to procure the rejection of every thing which comes from England, and to contribute essentially to bring the war to a conclusion. Such are the motives which induce the Directory to call upon you, Citizens Representatives, to take the object of this message into your immediate consideration. P. Barres, President.

Lagarde, Secretary.

Villers said, he must applaud the message, and the measures taken for the execution of the law of the 10th Brumaire. The enemies of the Republic had often opposed that law, and Tarbe and others attacked it, even in the bosom of the Councils. Its provisions were even so much despised, that some Assurance Companies in Paris, offered English merchandizes, at the rate of 10 per cent. profit. Salutary, however, as this law is, it would be ineffectual without the aid of the proposed measures. He moved, that a Committee of five be appointed to examine the message and to report upon it in three days.

Guillemardet moved an amendment, that the report be made in twenty-four hours.

The motion of Villers was agreed to with this amendment.

The Committee was immediately appointed, and the members were, Lamarque, Blad, Villers, Boisier, and Eschasseriau, senior.

PARIS, January 5.

The Central Administration of Nevers has decreed a triumphal arch, to be erected at the entrance of the bridges of the Loire, through which are to pass those detachments of the army of Italy proceeding to join the army of England.

The Police of Paris has arrested a man called Hatman Hardenberg, an honourable missionary of Mr Pitt to the French Republic, that is to say, an English spy.

Letters from Lisle mention the arrest of Citizen Jones, formerly a military man, and son-in-law to Lord Hamilton.—*Clef du Cabinet.*

JANUARY 7.

Citizen Leonard Bourbon has been sent to Hamburgh on a political financial mission, as well for the purpose of examining into our past and future commercial situation with Hamburgh and the ports in the Baltic, as to accelerate the general proscription which the Directory is resolved to carry into execution in respect to every thing which relates to the actual government of England.

JANUARY 8.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Talleyrand Perigord, a few days ago gave a grand supper, with a ball to General Buonaparte and his Lady, to which more than 400 persons were invited. The circular invitation contained the following passage:—"You will, I am sure, see the propriety of renouncing every species of dress composed of English manufactures."

The Directory, by a decree dated 29 Frimaire, December 17, prohibit the introduction of English merchandize into the departments in the neighbourhood of the Scheldt, and declare that the departments in which any illegal assemblages take place for the purpose of introducing these articles, and plundering the Custom Houses, shall be responsible for the damage so sustained.

The greatest precautions, says the Republican Francais, had been taken by the Government to prevent the secret of the measure relative to English merchandize from transpiring before its execution. All the Municipal Administrations of the Republic had received sealed packets, with orders not to open them till the 15th of the month in presence of the Justices of Peace, Commissioners of Police, &c.

We are still ignorant of the details relative to seizures which have been made. We can state it general, that they have been very considerable in different magazines of la Rue Neuve du Luxembourg, the Palais Egalité, Rues St Honore, St Denis, &c. We cannot wonder at this if we consider that the law of 10 Brumaire was considered as illusory, and when all the following articles are subject to its operation:

1. All kinds of cotton velvet; all kinds of woollen stuffs and cloths, cotton, silk or mixtures of these; all kinds of quilted serges, nankennettes and muslins, wrought woollens, cottons, hair cloth and tapestry, known as the manufacture of England.
2. All kinds of woollen or cotton caps single or mixed.
3. Buttons of every kind.
4. All kinds of plated work, hardware, cutlery, watches, tin-work, and other manufactures of steel, iron, copper, block or sheet tin, white iron or other metals, polished or rough, pure or mixed.
5. Tanned, curried, or dressed leather, wrought or unwrought; carriages mounted or not mounted, harness and all all other kinds of saddlery.
6. Ribbands, hats, gauzes, and shawls, known by the name of English.
7. All kinds of skins for gloves, breeches or under waistcoats, and these articles manufactured.
8. All kinds of glass and crystal, except those for the purpose of watches and spectacles.
9. Sugar refined in loaves or powder.
10. All kinds of crockery or earthen ware, of the manufacture of England.

The law enacts that every contravener shall be arrested and pursued before the Tribunal of Correctional Police. Besides the confiscation of the goods seized, the delinquent is to be condemned to a fine of triple the value of the objects seized, and to imprisonment, which cannot be less than five days or more than five months. The confiscation is to be for the benefit of the seizers, and all those who were aiding in it.

The French Directory, instructed by the law of the 19th Fructidor, to grant to the individuals of the family of Bourbon alimentary stipends out of their effects, have fixed these stipends at 100,000 livres for the widow of Louis-Philippe Joseph of Orleans, and 50,000 livres each for Joseph Bourbon Conti, and Louisa Theresa Matilda, of Orleans: These sums to be annually paid to their agents, on certificates being made of their being alive and in Spain, within twenty leagues of the frontiers.

London.

JANUARY 18.

SUN-OFFICE,

TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

Advices have been received at the Admiralty-Office from Earl St Vincent, stating that two rich Spanish ships had reached Cadiz harbour. These were part of a fleet from South America, very richly laden. His Lordship was immediately to put to sea to intercept the remainder, and as the Spanish fleet was out, or about to sail to protect them, a rencontre between the two fleets, we trust, will be the consequence.

On Saturday, advices were received at the Admiralty Office, from Captain Keates of his Majesty's ship Boadicia, who had been employed to look into Brest water. Captain Keates states, that he saw twelve ships of the line on the 8th instant, about seven or eight of which had their top-gallant yards across, and were apparently ready for sea.

Admiral Thompson and Sir Roger Curtis have received directions to hold themselves in readiness to sail at moment's warning, in consequence of information received by Government of the designs of the enemy.

A squadron of ships at Portsmouth are ordered to be in immediate readiness for sailing at a moment's notice.

A report prevailed on Saturday and yesterday, that the outward-bound Leeward island fleet had been driven in with by a French squadron, and that several of them had been captured. It is possible that the French squadron seen by Captain Keates, in Brest Water, may have pushed out, upon receiving intelligence of the sailing of the West India convoy; but we entertain a hope that the rumour is wholly unfounded, as no advices have been received from any quarter this morning which in any degree add to its probability.

Since the commencement of the present war, till the 10th of January 1798, France has captured the following number of ships from England, Spain, Holland, and Portugal. Spain and Holland having concluded a peace and alliance with France in 1795, their ships of war have since captured a great number of our merchant ships, viz.—

1793	1794	1795	1796	1797	1798		Ships
418	824	665	483	792	17	Total,	3199

Whereof Great Britain and Allies have retaken,

89	110	58	66	188	2	Total 513

Total number of ships taken by England and Allies, from France, Spain, &c.

153	88	69	32	79		Total 421

934

Whereof France, Spain, &c. have retaken,

—	3	—	5	—	— Total 8

926

Balance in favour of France and Allies, 2273

N. B. Privateers and all other ships of war are excluded from the above statement; likewise the numerous American vessels taken by France.

Lieutenant Hollingsworth, whose ship was cut out of the Downs some nights since by two French row-boats, and carried into Boulogne, died of his wounds soon after he was landed. He and his crew were taken by surprize, the French boats having muffled their oars as they approached the ship, so as not to be heard. They fought very manfully, but were at length obliged to yield to numbers, after a most obstinate resistance.

In consequence of an application made to Government, by the woollen and worsted manufacturers, for better to prevent the illicit exportation of wool and live sheep, two cutters are appointed to cruize, under the direction of Captain Sharp; and the riding surveyors officers within the counties of Kent, Sussex and Essex, have directions to co-operate with Captain Sharp, in preventing this injurious traffic.

At Havre-de-Grace, Bolougne, Calais, Dunkirk, and Ostend, orders are given to get ready a great number of gun-boats and flat bottomed vessels, with the greatest expedition, for the purpose of transporting troops.

A most singular expedient is talked of in Belgium, viz. the transportation of all gun boats, flat-bottomed boats, &c. by land, to the general place of rendezvous, in case the navigation of the coast should be obstructed by the British. But, whatever may be the object, the sale and exportation of horses are provisionally stopped by the French Commissioners.

The Venerable, of 74 guns, is found, on a survey, in so shattered a state, that she is ordered to be laid up in ordinary. Admiral Lord Duncan's flag is to be hoisted on board the Kent, of 74 guns. Captain Hope is to have the command of her: Sir George Fairfax is to be promoted in another line.

The Oriental Star, (a Calcutta paper) of the 4th of March, 1797, received at Dublin, mentions, that the Spaniards had the following force at Manilla, the 3d of January: One 80 gun ship, 370 men; two 74 gun ships, 300 men each; five frigates, from 36 to 40 guns each; four ditto shortly expected; one galleon, two more expected in March; sixty gun-boats, of 24, 18 and 12-pounders; and two Spanish Company's ships. They have about 5000 regulars, but no European regiments; and as occasion requires they can add to this force 400 infantry—other accounts make their forces 16 or 17,000 men.

VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Notice was given at the Bank of England on Saturday, that books will be opened and receipts given for voluntary subscriptions, and assessments in general. The law directs that the Bank shall give receipts for all sums that may be paid in, together with duplicates, if required. If only receipts without duplicates shall be required, then such payments shall be deemed and taken to be voluntary contributions; but if they require a second receipt or duplicate, such second receipt or duplicate shall be deemed and taken to be in advance of the new assessment; and which receipt shall, upon delivery to the collector, be an acquittance of such assessment as far as the same will go; all sums above the actual assessment to be deemed and taken as the voluntary contribution of the person or persons.

The following sums are said to have already been subscribed, viz.

The King,	£.	200,000
Earl Fitzwilliam, during the war,		10,000 per ann.
The Speaker of the Commons, ditto,		2,000 ditto
Lord Carrington, ditto		2,000 ditto
Mrs Lee, of Kensington, ditto,		16,000

Now that Parliament is adjourned, the loan is immediately to be settled. Mr Pitt has fortunately made a competition, so that the terms will be more advantageous than he might otherways expect. According to the present report, he is to call only for 14 millions,

The Hamburgh mail which became due yesterday has not arrived.

By a Gentleman who arrived yesterday morning from Cuxhaven, we are informed, that the inhabitants of that place were concealing their property, and taking other precautionary measures, expecting the French troops to poſſeſs themſelves of it in the courſe of a few days. The Magiſtrates at Hamburgh had juſt received a notification, that this town alſo would be entered by another body of French troops, unleſs they inſtantly expelled the Engliſh from that city and port.

Inſurance on foreign bottoms from England has advanced from 5 to 15 per cent.

The Emperor Paul has revoked the prohibition upon the importation of Norwich ſtriped goods, and ſettled the tariff upon a footing the moſt favourable to this country.

Duel.—Yeſterday morning a duel was fought in Hyde Park, between the Earl of Lonſdale and Sir Frederick Vane, Bart. in which the latter was wounded. This is the ſecond time they have met on the ſame quarrel. The public will recollect that they fought about eighteen months ago.

MILITARY FORCE OF BRITAIN.

The preſent effective military force of Great Britain conſiſts of 16,160 regular cavalry, 13,104 fencible cavalry, 15,120 yeomanry cavalry, 15,664 regular infantry, 11,042 fencible infantry, 45,000 militia, 51,360 volunteers, 60,000 ſupplementary militia; making in the whole 227,450 effective men, beſides 117 companies of artillery, 10 companies of invalid artillery, and 59 independent companies of invalids.

The military force in Ireland is alſo very formidable, the moſt accurate accounts ſtate it at no leſs than 120,000 effective men. The militia and yeomanry compriſes 90,000 men. The following are the Britiſh regiments now in that country.

4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th regiments of Dragoon Guards; 5th, 9th, 22d, 23d, and 24th regiments of Light Dragoons; 6th, 13th, 30th, 41ſt, 54th, 64th, 68th, and 89th regiments of foot.

Fencible Cavalry—The Ancient Britiſh, Cambridgeſhire, and New Romney.

Fencible Infantry—Aberdeen, Breadalbane, 1ſt and 2d battalion, Devon and Cornwall, Durham, Loyal Eſſex, Frazer's Leiceſter, Manx, 2d battalion, Northumberland, Reay, Somerſetſhire, Loyal Tay, Argyleſhire, 2d battalion, Caithneſs Legion, Dumbartonſhire, Lord Elgin's, Fifeſhire, Inverneſs Highlanders, North Lowland, Northampton, Perthſhire, Roſſſhire and Caithneſs, 2d battalion, Suffolk, and York.

Orders have been iſſued from the War Office, for all officers on furlough from their reſpective regiments, &c. infantry and cavalry, now on duty in Great Britain, Ireland, or the iſlands of Jerſey, Guernſey, &c. to join them immediately, without the leaſt delay. The militia regiments are alſo included in the order.

SINKING FUND.

The following Abſtract, in ſo far as it relates to the proſpect of being relieved from our national debt, may be acceptable to many of our readers and may tend to damp the vain and ambitious views of our inveterate enemies, by ſhowing them, that it is not only in our power to prevent the further accumulation of the national debt, but to put it in a train of being ſoon extinguiſhed.

It appears, that on the 16th of March 1797, the income of the preſent ſinking fund ſtood thus:

Annual Million	L. 1,000,000	0	0
Annual Grant	200,000	0	0
Dividend on 507,000l 4 per cents purchaſed	20,280	0	0
Ditto on 22,847,000l 3 per cents ditto	684,116	0	0
Annuities, 1777, expired	25,000	0	0
Exchequer Annuities expired	54,880	14	6
Life Annuities unclaimed and expired	38,480	12	6
	L. 2,023,457	7	0

This fund is applicable to the extinction of the debt that exiſted prior to the preſent war, which is taken by the Seleſt Committee of Finance at 240,000,000l.; and it is independent of the fund of 1 per cent. on the new loans, amounting at the ſame period to 1,341,666l. 18s. 7d. applicable to the diſcharge of the debt incurred during this war.

It is to be obſerved, that the 2,023,457l. is an annual fund, *over and above* the intereſt which is paid annually on the whole debt.

It is evident, that if the Commiſſioners for managing the fund lent out the above *annual* ſum to any corporation or ſet of merchants at intereſt, and collected regularly that intereſt, adding it to the next annual fund to bear intereſt, the whole, in the courſe of years, would amount to ſuch a ſum as would diſcharge any debt whatever in a certain time. The Commiſſioners do daily what is completely equivalent, by purchaſing the public funds at the market prices, upon which they regularly draw the intereſt, and inveſt it in new purchaſes.

From a very accurate calculation made on the above principles, it appears clear, that about the year 1839, the whole of the old debt, of 240 millions will be extinguiſhed, which is 53 years from the firſt eſtabliſhment of the fund in 1786.

With regard to the debt contracted during the preſent war, the Seleſt Committee of Finance are of opinion, that the ſurplus fund of 1 per cent. attached to the rate of intereſt, will (if improved at the ſame rate of intereſt) extinguiſh the original debt in a certain time. One per cent. per annum, improved at 3½ per cent. will, in 43½ years, amount to 99l. 6d.

PLYMOUTH, Jan. 12.

A melancholy cataſtrophe happened here yeſterday afternoon. The Cerberus, I mentioned in my laſt to have arrived here from Cork, and to have anchored in Cawſand Bay during the night of Wedneſday laſt, with two privateers, which ſhe captured in the Iriſh Channel ſome weeks ſince. Captain Drew, who is a native of Saltaſh, was going from Cawſand Bay into Hamoaze in the Cerberus's boat, on the afternoon of Thurſday, accompanied by Captain J. K. Pulling, late of his Majeſty's ſhip Penguin, who came paſſenger in the Cerberus from Cork, together with Mr Drew, nephew of Captain Drew, and maſter's mate of the Cerberus—the Captain's ſteward, and a boat's crew conſiſting of a coxſwain and eight ſeamen, when a heavy ſea filled the boat, and only two ſeamen eſcaped with their lives, out of thirteen perſons. A heavy gale of wind from the ſouthward had blown all the forenoon, which had occaſioned much ſwell in the Sound; about one o'clock, however, the gale ſuddenly abated, and rendered it ſafe for boats to paſs, which opportunity Captain Drew availed himſelf of to proceed to Hamoaze, and came from Cawſand Bay with intent to paſs between St Nicholas's Iſland and Mount Edgecumbe, between which places there is a bar, but navigable at high water for veſſels of 300 tons burthen, over which place the boat was paſſing when the accident happened. From the information given by the two ſeamen who were ſaved, it appears that the boat had ſhipped water ſeveral times before they came to the bar, owing to the tide of ebb ſetting ſtrong out of the harbour, ſo much, indeed, that Captain Drew, alarmed at the apparent danger, ſtripped off his coat, for the purpoſe of ſwimming, in caſe of accident, immediately after which a heavy ſea ſtruck the boat, filled and upſet her, and ſhe inſtantly ſunk.

Captain Drew has been a poſt captain in the navy ſince the year 1783, was much and deſervedly eſteemed by his officers and ſhip's company; the latter, indeed, diſplayed the moſt zealous proofs of their attachment to him, during the late unhappy diſturbances in the navy. The bodies of all thoſe who periſhed are ſaid to have been taken up, except thoſe of Captains Drew and Pulling; the coat of the former, with his papers, has alſo been found.

CORN EXCHANGE, Jan. 15.

Having a moderate ſupply of Wheat to-day, the fineſt White ſamples went off full as high as laſt week; but the market ended cheaper for the inferior ſorts.

There was but little Barley freſh in; the beſt Suffolk parcels therefore were 6d per quarter dearer; but there was no amendment at all in the middling qualities; and Malt, unleſs fine, is looking down.

Several more ladings of Foreign Oats have come in, and a few coaſtwiſe; but the declenſion is not more than 1s per quarter ſince laſt Monday.

Tick Beans are lower; but other ſorts, as alſo Peaſe, were much the ſame as laſt noted,

	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
Engliſh Wheat,	40	48	0	Malt,	36	38	0
Eſſex,	50	52	0	Fine,	—	40	0
Barley,	22	25	0	New Oats,	15	17	0
Fine,	25	26	6	Mealing,	17	19	0

—STOCKS.—

Bank Stock 118½		5 *per cent. Ann.*	69 ¾
3 *per cent. con.*	47½ ⅛	*Long Ann.*	13¼ 7-16
4 *per cent.*	59¼ ⅜	*Short,*	6¼

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JANUARY 18.

In the foregoing columns of this paper, our readers will find ſome very important information from France. Every article in that country the produce or manufacture of Britain, has been ſeized and confiſcated, and a prohibition iſſued againſt importing ſuch commodities in future. They have, at the ſame time, iſſued an order for capturing veſſels of whatever nation they may be, carrying Britiſh produce or manufacture on board, and expreſsly prohibited all veſſels from putting into any port of France who have touched at any Britiſh port. It is beſides underſtood, that the meſſenger they have ſent to Hamburgh is inſtructed to demand that port ſhall be ſhut againſt our trade.

Since the receipt of this intelligence, ſo intereſting to our trade and commerce, the Cabinet Miniſters have had ſeveral long conſultations.

The French are ſtill preſſing, with the utmoſt urgency, the preparations for invading this country; and it is rumoured that advice is received at the Admiralty, that from 16 to 20 ſail of the line are in Breſt harbour ready for ſea. Indeed one report goes ſo far as to ſay they have already ſailed, and captured part of our outward-bound Weſt India fleet.

The maritime preparations of France at preſent extend through the whole of her immenſe territory. At Bourdeaux, a meeting of the merchants was convened early in the preſent month, when they were called upon to lend every veſſel above the burthen of 10 tons to the ſervice of Government, as tranſports. Thirteen veſſels of conſiderable burthen were immediately offered, and many, who had no veſſels to offer, propoſed to contribute to the equipment and victualling of thoſe lent by others. The Commiſſary of the Marine at Bourdeaux has iſſued a proclamation, calling on the citizens in general "to follow this example of patriotiſm, and to ſecond the great deſigns of the Government."

The fleet under Admiral Thompson and Sir R. Curtis is ordered to be ready at an hour's notice to put to ſea. Such is the vigilance of the Admiralty to watch the motions of the enemy.

The outer harbour of Breſt being entirely expoſed to the fury of the weſterly and ſouth-weſterly winds, blowing acroſs the Atlantic, and its entrance wide, with a rough ſea bearing in from the Bay of Biſcay, renders it a very unſafe and uncertain ſituation for veſſels at particular periods of the year; from hence we hear of the late damage done in that harbour. The inner harbour is, however, perfectly ſecure againſt the violence of the ſtorm from any point; and therefore the veſſels of war always remain there, till under ſailing orders. Vaſt ſums have been heretofore expended on it, to add to its ſecurity and conveniency for ſhipping, and to render it impregnable to attack.

Advice is ſaid to be received, that two rich Spaniſh ſhips have got into Cadiz, part of a valuable fleet, and that Lord St Vincent has ſailed to intercept the remainder, whilſt the Spaniſh fleet of war has alſo ſailed to protect them. Thus a conflict may be expected, the reſult of which, we have no doubt, will add to the laurels of our country.

The meſſage from the King, for calling forth the ſupplementary militia, was not occaſioned by any particular recent information from France, but aroſe out of the general circumſtances of the times. As it is an undoubted fact, that the French are making very extenſive preparations to invade this country, it was thought neceſſary to call forth the whole military ſtrength of the kingdom, in order that that part of it which was not trained to ſervice, ſhould be better diſciplined, ſo as to become efficient.

Lately was married at Peterſburgh, Sir Charles Gascoigne, Counſellor of State to his Imperial Majeſty, to Miſs Guthrie.

On Thurſday laſt was married, at his houſe, at St Andrew's, Holborn, Lieutenant-Colonel John Rattray of Craighall, in the county of Perth, to Miſs Julia Simpſon, daughter of James Simpſon, Eſq. of Chancery-lane.

Married at Campbeltown, on Thurſday the 11th current, Mr Thomas Pollock, merchant in Glaſgow, to Miſs Ann Maxwell, eldeſt daughter to Mr Hugh Maxwell, one of the Magiſtrates of that place.

Married at Drummoral, on the 8th inſt. the Rev. Elliot William Davidson, Miniſter of Sorbie, to Miſs Mary M'Tagart, daughter of the late Mr John M'Taggart of Drummoral.

Monday was married at Glaſgow, Mr John Watſon, manufacturer, to Miſs Mary Anderson, daughter of the late Mr John Anderſon, merchant.

Married at Cork, upon Thurſday the 4th current, Thomas Studdart, Eſq. Lieutenant in the 2d regiment of Iriſh light dragoons, to Miſs Jane Catharine Ralſton, youngeſt daughter to Gavin Ralſton of Ralſton, Eſq.

Laſt week died at Otter, Argyleſhire, John Campbell of Otter, Eſq. in the 81ſt year of his age.

Died at Turin, on the 16th curt. Alexander Watſon of Turin, Eſq. in the 73d year of his age.

Died here, on the 15th inſtant, Colin Campbell of Kilberry, Eſq.

Died here, the 9th inſt. Miſs Budge of Toſingaul, daughter of the late William Budge, Eſq. writer to the ſignet. Her friends and relations will accept of this notification of her death.

FROM THE CALCUTTA JOURNAL.

"January 30. 1797.—Died here, Hugh M'Leod, "Eſq. Sub-Secretary to the Government, a young "gentleman of genuine worth and amiable manners."

Mr M'Leod was the eldeſt ſon of Donald M'Leod of Geanies, Eſq.

Some very handſome ſubſcriptions have already been made towards the exigences of the State; among theſe are—His Majeſty, 200,000l.—Mrs Lee of Kenſington 16,000l.—Earl Fitzwilliam, 10,000l. *per annum*.—Speaker of the Houſe of Commons 2000l. ditto.—Lord Carrington, 2000l. ditto.—Theſe are eminent proofs of patriotiſm, and we hope they will have the effect of ſtimulating others to copy ſo noble an example.

On Friday laſt, the Corporation of Hull unanimouſly reſolved to ſubſcribe 500l. towards the exigencies of the State at this alarming criſis.

This day, being held as the anniverſary of Her Majeſty's Birth, was obſerved as a holiday at the Banks &c.—In the evening a brilliant Aſſembly is expected at the new Aſſembly Rooms George Street; which have lately received ſome very elegant decorations.

Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. Alexander Hope is appointed Lieutenant Governor of Edinburgh Caſtle, vice the Earl of Eglintoune, who reſigns.

Monday, arrived in town from India, Sir John Murray of Lanrick, Bart. with his Lady, and his two younger brothers, Lieut.-Col. Peter Murray, and Capt. Robert Murray.

We underſtand that the Gentlemen who were ſummoned upon the jury of Cameron and Menzies, have generouſly paid into the Treaſurer of the *Edinburgh Philanthropic Society*, ſeven guineas, and the remainder of the money they received has been applied to private charities.

The Right Hon. the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of Edinburgh have appointed Mr Adam Wilſon Depute Seſſion Clerk, in room of Mr John Murdoch, deceaſed.

Thurſday laſt, the Rev. John M'Laurin was received Miniſter of the Gaelic Chapel in Glaſgow.

On Saturday, the French priſoners in the Caſtle of Edinburgh, were removed to new and commodious lodgings under the barracks, where they have plenty of air, and every conveniency, and are allowed to walk out in a large area. We wiſh the Britiſh priſoners in France were as well treated as the French are here.

A perſon who has attended to the changes of the wind aſſerts, that it has blown from the weſtward with little variation to N. W. and S. W. upwards of eight months of the laſt year.

The Alnomack, Wheelwright, from Clyde to Charleſton, which had been taken and retaken, and ſent into Cork, is ſince carried into Norfolk, in Virginia, and plundered by the Captain.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICIARY.

Monday, came on before the Court, the trial of Angus Cameron, architect at Weem, and James Menzies, jun. merchant there, accuſed of ſedition, rioting, and mobbing. After hearing counſel, the Court found the libel relevant; but, on account of the time it was ſuppoſed the trial would take up, it was adjourned till Wedneſday forenoon, and the pannels committed to priſon. In the evening of the ſame day, both pannels were admitted to bail.

Yeſterday the Court again met, to proceed on the trial of Cameron and Menzies, when the latter only appearing, ſentence of fugitation was pronounced againſt Cameron. The Lord Advocate then moved the Court to deſert the diet againſt Menzies *pro loco et tempore*, which was agreed to. A new warrant was granted againſt him, to ſtand trial at ſome future period; but having found bail, he was ſet at liberty. The Lord Advocate intimated, that it was probable the trial would come on at next Perth Circuit.

A petition was then preſented for David Douglas, wright in Cupar, committed to priſon for prevarication upon oath, on Mealmaker's trial. He was brought to the bar, and after a very proper admonition from the Court, was ordered to be impriſoned in Edinburgh jail till the 24th inſt. and then ſet at liberty.

DUNFERMLINE VOLUNTEERS.

The Dunfermline Volunteers, commanded by Major Moodie, had a grand field day on Friday the 12th current, on the occaſion of receiving their colours. Theſe were preſented by Mrs Admiral Mitchell, one of the ſtandards being a preſent from the Ladies of Dunfermline, the other from the corps.

The ceremony of conſecration having been performed by the Chaplain, the corps went through various evolutions in a manner highly creditable to themſelves, and ſatisfactory to a numerous and genteel company, aſſembled from all parts of the country. The different incorporations diſplayed their colours on the occaſion; and the fineneſs of the day, with the aſſiſtance of the Band of Muſic belonging to the Breadalbane Fencibles, contributed to render the ſcene ſtill more gratifying.

After the return of the corps from the field, the Officers gave an entertainment at the inn to a ſelect party of Gentlemen, among whom were Admiral Mitchell, Mr Wemyss, one of the Deputy Lieutenants, Captain Halket, Captain Bruce Mitchell, &c. &c. A number of loyal and patriotic toaſts were given after dinner;—in the evening the Officers gave a Ball to the Ladies, which was very numerouſly attended, and the day was ſpent with much feſtivity and happineſs.

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, Jan. 16.

Lothian Oatmeal, 300 bolls. South Country, 100.

Lothian per Boll.		*S. Country per Boll.*		*Prices Per Peck.*	
First,	0 13 3	First,	0 12 6	First,	0 10½
Second,	0 12 6	Second,	0 12 0	Second,	0 10
Third,	0 12 0	Third,	0 0 0	Third,	0 0

On Thurſday night laſt, a woman in the Briſtol in Glaſgow, having got intoxicated with liquor, fell upon the grate, and was burnt to death.—No perſon happened to be in the houſe at the time but herſelf.

A country correſpondent requeſts us to ſay, that it becomes country gentlemen to attend, with ſedulous care, to the intereſt of the farmers, who pay enormous rents for their farms, and can ill afford to be burdened with taxes, ſuch as the one lately impoſed on work horſes. The act of Parliament, allowing the importation of grain, alſo deſerves the moſt ſerious attention, leſt it ſhould have the effect of holding out an encouragement to agriculture in other countries, to the ruin of it in our own.

The Harriet, belonging to T. Barton, Eſq. of Liverpool, made 33 voyages from thence to Barbadoes and back, in the laſt ten years and three months; ſhe has taken and retaken ſome veſſels, and ſecured others, and has been lengthened in that time; an inſtance of commercial expedition, we believe, ſcarcely to be paralleled.

PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY.

Owing to the very inclement weather upon Thurſday laſt, many reſpectable friends of the Philanthropic Society could not attend the Sermon, preached before them, in St Andrew's Church, on that day. At *their* deſire, the Society ſolicited the Rev. Mr Black to preach the ſame excellent ſermon upon Sabbath next, in the Tron Church, at ſix o'clock in the evening; to which propoſal he very readily conſented. The collection upon that occaſion to be for the benefit of that benevolent inſtitution.

The public are reminded, that the Society has been at very conſiderable expence in furniſhing and proviſioning their houſe, and clothing the females under their charge.

Thoſe who were likely diſappointed in being obliged to wait ſo conſiderable a time for the Cordial Balm of Gilead, are reſpectfully informed that the fault does not reſt with Mr Baxter, South Bridge, Edinburgh, or indeed with any one. The medicine cannot be prepared ſo quick as the demand is for it. Dr Solomon, of Liverpool (the Preparer) had been wrote to repeatedly, but he aſſured Mr Baxter that a ſupply ſhould be forwarded to him as well as all thoſe who applied, in regular ſucceſſion, as ſoon as it was in his power to prepare it good and genuine; but that no conſideration whatever ſhould induce him to haſten the proceſs, or leſſen the virtues of the medicine.

A freſh, large, and valuable Supply is juſt received, for the accommodation of the afflicted with nervous, weak, and debilitated habits, &c. by Baxter, Edinburgh; Mitchell, Gordon, and Innes, Aberdeen; Thorſon, Berwick; Jolie, Carliſle; Wylie, Dumfries; Dick, Dundee; Cliſton, Durham; Palmer, Kelſo; Ware, Alnit, Whitehaven; Brown, Walker, Newcaſtle; Kelly, Shields; Bray, Graham, Sunderland; Brewning, Paiſley; Anderſon, Stirling; Morriſon and Son, Perth; Craſie, Montroſe; Caw, Banff; Meggit, Dalkeith; Forſyth, Ayr; Mennons, M'Donald, Glaſgow; and it is hoped that, by an early application, future diſappointments may be prevented.

Shipping.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH—

Jan. 15 John, Wheatley, from Memel, timber.
Oeconomy, Brandham, from Peterſburgh, goods.
Speedwell, Crighton, from Aberdeen, do.
16 Berwickſhire Packet, Watſon, from London, do.
17 Tweed Packet, Ord, from do. do.
Ruſſel, Raith, from Montroſe, do.
Mercury, Barr, from N. Berwick, grain.
Iſobell & Nancy, ——, from do. do.

—SAILED—

Commercial Packet, Turner, for London, goods.
Welfare, Henderſon, for Greenock, do.
Peggy, Clark, for Dundee, do.
Wind E.S.E.

Theatre-Royal.

On Saturday, Jan. 20. will be preſented,
The Comedy of
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,
The Part of Sir Peter Teazle — Mr LEE LEWES,
From the Theatre-Royal, Covent-Garden, being his firſt appearance here theſe four years.
Lady Teazle — — Mrs KEMBLE,
Being her firſt appearance this ſeaſon.
To which will be added, a Muſical Farce, called
ROSINA.
The Part of Roſina by Mrs HINDMARSH,
From the Private Concerts, and the Theatre-Royal, Covent-Garden, being her firſt appearance in this kingdom.
Doors to be opened at Six, to begin preciſely at Seven.
Tickets to be had, and places for the boxes to be taken at the box-office of the Theatre-Royal.

ASSEMBLY ROOMS, GEORGE SQUARE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the ASSEMBLIES for this ſeaſon, are requeſted to meet in the Rooms on Saturday next the 20th inſtant, at two o'clock afternoon, to chuſe Directors, and to make any alterations on the plan of the Aſſemblies which they may think neceſſary. 18th January, 1798.

HERRINGS ON SALE.

SEVERAL HUNDRED BARRELS of WHITE and RED HERRINGS, completely cured for exportation or home conſumption.

The White Herrings warranted agreeable to the regulations of the Frith of Forth Herring Curers, dated the 25th Auguſt 1797, (not being bulked before barrelled.)

Apply to H. Swinton, Grangemouth.
Jan. 17. 1798.

TO BE SOLD,

The Property of an Officer leaving the kingdom,

TWO ſeaſoned HUNTERS, maſters of fourteen ſtone, one thorough, the other three parts bred—remarkable leapers, and of extraordinary ſpeed. Both have been conſtantly uſed as chargers.

Enquire of Mr Dryſdale, Turf Coffeehouſe.

CONTRACTORS WANTED IN EAST LOTHIAN.

THE Preſent Contracts for upholding of the turnpike road from Ravenſhaugh Burn to Linton Bridge, being to expire at Whitſunday next, any perſon willing to contract for upholding the whole, or any part of ſaid road, for ſeven years from that term, are deſired to lodge their propoſals in a month from this date, with John Craw, W. S. Edinburgh, or the clerk to the truſtees at Haddington, either of whom will inform as to further particulars.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Old Shipping Company's Smack,
TWEED PACKET,
Thomas Ord Maſter,
Will take in goods untill Saturday the 20th current, at 4 o'clock, when ſhe will ſail.
Leith, Thurſday, Jan. 6. 1798. WILLIAM ORINLY, Agent.

SALE OF A VESSEL AT DUNDEE.

Tthere will be SOLD, by public roup, within the Trades Hall of Dundee, upon Tueſday the 30th current, betwixt the hours of twelve o'clock mid-day and one afternoon,

That good Sloop or Veſſel
THE MARY AND MARGARET
OF ARBROATH,
Thomas Clark Maſter,
As ſhe preſently lies in the harbour of Dundee, meaſuring per regiſter 66 tons, carries of dead weight 96 tons, built at Burntiſland in 1797, is well ſound, goes upon an eaſy draught of water, and is well adapted for the Baltic or coaſting trade.

The articles of roup, and inventory of the veſſel, to be ſeen in the hands of John Ogilvie, writer in Dundee, to whom any perſon who has demands upon the ſaid Thomas Clark, will tranſmit the ſame, betwixt and the day of ſale.

Dundee 12th January, 1798.

WAR-OFFICE, Jan. 6. 1798.

Royal Regiment of Horse Guards—James Sedgwall, to be Veterinary Surgeon.

6th Regiment of Dragoons—Richard Vincent to be Veterinary Surgeon.

17th Regiment of Light Dragoons—John Mico Winter to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Clegg, who retires.

18th Ditto—Acting Assistant Surgeon William Chambers to be Assistant Surgeon.

1st Battalion of the 1st Regiment of Foot—James Walker to be Assistant Surgeon.

5th Regiment of Foot—Ensign Charles Frederick Hamilton, from the 61st foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Guitton, promoted.

9th Ditto—Adjutant Joseph Hollis to be Quartermaster, vice Buchanan, who retires on the half-pay of Adjutant of the 5th regiment of the Irish Brigade. Adjutant D. Orchard, from the 5th Irish Brigade, to be Adjutant, vice Hollis, appointed Quartermaster.

16th Ditto—Samuel Porter to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Conelan, who retires.

17th Ditto—Lieutenant Arthur H. Brocking, from the Queen's Rangers, to be Captain of a company, vice Kearney, deceased.

19th Ditto—Lieutenant the Hon. George Turnour, from the 73d foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Downing, who exchanges. Lieutenant Hugh Dalrymple, from the 76th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Porter, who exchanges. Alexander Moore, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice M'Donald, promoted. James Moore to be Ensign, by purchase, vice King.

21st Ditto—Lieutenant Charles H. Hastings to be Captain, by purchase, vice Grant.

33d Ditto—Lieutenant-General Charles Crosbie, from the late Royal Dublin regiment, to be Colonel, vice Doyle, deceased.

73d Ditto—Lieutenant James Downing, from the 19th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Turnour, who exchanges.

76th Ditto—Lieutenant William Porter, from the 19th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Dalrymple, who exchanges.

Scotch Brigade.

Charles Campbell to be Ensign, by purchase, vice M'Niel, promoted.

Lieutenant Joseph Wells, from the Loyal Sheffield Volunteers, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Grant, promoted in the 86th foot.

Captain M'Donald's Corps of Infantry.

Lieutenant Norman Lamont, from the 14th foot, to be Captain.

Ensign James Cornfute, from the 65th foot, to be Lieutenant.

James Nicolson to be Ensign.

James M'Donald to be Ensign.

David Morris to be Adjutant.

R. M'Donald, to be Quartermaster.

BREVET.

Captain Richard Hovenden, of the 21st Light Dragoons, to be Major in the army.

WAR-OFFICE, Jan. 13. 1798.

1st Regiment of Life Guards—Henry Powell Collins to be Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Harvey, promoted.

1st Regiment of Dragoon Guards—Captain Henry Teesdale to be Major, by purchase, vice Syer, who retires.

4th Regiment of Dragoons—Cornet Charles Walton, from the 20th light dragoons, to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Cook, promoted.

11th Regiment of Light Dragoons—Henry Carew to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Money, promoted.

Coldstream Regiment of Foot Guards—Hon. Captain A. Percy Upton, to be Adjutant, vice Howard, promoted.

32d Regiment of Foot—James Sweeney to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Burgess, promoted in the 90th foot.

34th Ditto—Lieutenant Francis Polhill, from the 60th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Leeson, promoted in the 6th foot.

37th Ditto—S. Hart to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Barwicke, promoted.

39th Ditto—Ensign James Robson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hay, promoted.

42d Ditto—Hugh M'Lean to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Campbell, promoted.

49th Ditto—Lieutenant Henry Davis, from the 5th West India regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Coultman, who exchanges.

51st Ditto—Lieutenant James Michael Clays, from the York Fuzileers, to be Lieutenant, vice Young, who retires on the half pay of the York Fuzileers.

67th Ditto—Marcus Annesley to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Sapte, promoted.

88th Ditto—Ensign James Chisholm to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Duff, who retires.

Scotch Brigade.

Ensign Achilles Bellace, from the late 128th foot, to be Ensign, vice Bell, who retires on the half-pay of the 128th foot.

5th West India regiment.

Lieutenant W. Coultman, from the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Davis, who exchanges.

6th Ditto.

Captain George Paterson, from the 4th West India regiment, to be Captain, vice Reynolds, who retires on half-pay.

BREVET.

Colonel John Whitelocke to be Brigadier-General in the Island of Guernsey only.

GARRISONS.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hon. Alexander Hope to be Lieutenant-Governor of Edinburgh Castle, vice Lord Eglintoune, who resigns.

Lieutenant Hugh Watson, from the half-pay of the 3d foot, to be Town Major of Carlisle, vice Smyth, deceased.

Perthshire Fencible Cavalry.

Cornet George Milne to be Lieutenant, vice Baillie, who resigns. James Oliphant to be Cornet, vice Milne.

Southern Fencible Infantry.

Christopher Durward to be Ensign, vice White, promoted.

Roxburghshire Gentlemen and Yeomanry Cavalry.

Captain John Rutherford to be Major Commandant, vice Sir James Pringle, who resigns. Lieutenant Sir Henry Hay Makdougall, Bart. to be Captain, vice Rutherford. Second Lieutenant Robert Walker to be First Lieutenant, vice Makdougall. James Haldane to be Second Lieutenant, vice Walker.

Argyleshire Volunteers.

John Campbell to be Second Lieutenant, vice George Campbell, who retires.

Dunnoll and Olrick Volunteers.

John Sinclair to be Second Lieutenant.

Enzie Volunteers.

Lieutenant Thomas Booker, on the half-pay of the 60th foot, to be Captain Commandant, vice Sir George Abercromby, who resigns.

Forfar Volunteers.

James Sands to be Lieutenant.

Moydart Volunteers.

Alexander Macdonald to be Lieutenant, vice Angus M'Donald, appointed to the Morar Volunteers.

MEMORANDUM.

The undermentioned Officers are superseded, viz.

1st Battalion of the 1st Foot—Lieutenant John M'Donald, having never joined the regiment.

2d Battalion of Ditto—Ensign ——— Clarke, having never joined the regiment.

4th West India Regiment—Lieutenant William Earlum, being absent without leave.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

Upon Thursday, the 15th day of February 1798, and betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon, there will be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the house of David Methven, vintner in Cupar,

ALL and haill that PARK of LAND commonly called the WRIGHT'S PARK, lying about an English mile west from the town of Cupar, consisting of eight acres Scots measure.—Also, that other park lying immediately west from the Wright's Park and adjoining, consisting of four acres one rood and nine falls—both Parks the property of John Farquharson, brewer in Cupar.

The title deeds and articles of roup are in the hands of Andrew Christie, writer in Cupar, to whom any person wishing to purchase by private bargain may apply.

LEASE OF MILLS,

In the Neighbourhood of Edinburgh.

TO be LET for seven years, the CORN MILLS of COLLINGTON, upon the Water of Leith, four miles west from Edinburgh, as presently possessed by Mr Crosbie. If the tenant inclines, there will be let along with the Mills, TWO PARKS, containing about 14 acres. The entry to the mills to be at Whitsunday, and the parks at Candlemas, both next.—Mr Crosbie, or any of the millers will shew the mills, and William Rustel, at Fairmielaw, will shew the parks.

For further particulars apply to George Tod, writer in Edinburgh, with whom offers, in writing, may be lodged, betwixt and the 25th January curt.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

On Thursday the 25th day of January 1798, between the hours of two and three afternoon, will be exposed to public roup within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

THE Lands of DALMUNGIE, the Lands of INVERECHY, the Four Pound Land of CUTHILL, the Lands of SKERRAVAL and GLENTALNICK, the Quarter or Fourth Part of the Lands of CRONACHENIE, and the Lands of MEIKLE LEANICK, with the Woods, Teinds, and pertinents thereof, all lying in the parish of Kirkmichael, and shire of Perth, as repeatedly advertised for sale during the last summer.

These lands have not for some years been in regular tenantry, so their particular rents cannot be stated, but they are very extensive and valuable, especially as grass possessions.

The articles of sale and title deeds may be seen in the hands of Mr Duncan, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, and copies thereof are with James Paton, sheriff-clerk of Perth.

TO BE SOLD,

By public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee house, Edinburgh, on Monday the 22d January 1798, between the hours of one and four afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of LOCHALSH, situated on the West Coast of the county of Ross.

This estate is bounded on the south and south-east by Loch Duich and Loch Louing; on the west by that part of the Sound of Skye called Kylchaken; on the north by Lochcarron and the property of Mr Matheson of Attadale; and on the east by Mr Mackenzie of Hilton and Mr Mackenzie of Fairburn's properties in the county of Ross, and part of Lovat's property in the county of Inverness. The coast, which is washed by Lochcarron, the Sound of Skye, Loch Duich, and Loch Louing, extends to a length of 40 miles.

There are several extensive and thriving inclosures of natural oak wood, which, from their situation near the coast, will be of great value; besides a considerable quantity of full grown timber of various kinds on different parts of the shores. The soil of the low parts is very capable of improvement, and there is along the coast an inexhaustible fund of shelly sand. The grazings, and the breed of cattle on them, are beyond competition or dispute the best in the Highlands.

The lands will be sold either in whole, or in such lots as may seem most likely to accommodate intending offerers. In case of a sale in lots, the following subdivision is proposed: The lands may at same time, with equal convenience, be divided into four or six lots, with each a freehold qualification—

Lot I.—NONOCH, POLLENTARIE, AUCHNABEINE, and SALLACHIE—Rent 129l.

Lot II.—CONCHRA—81l. 17s. 2d.

Lot III.—ARDELVE, with the Ferry and House—147l.

Lot IV.—ACHTERTYRE, with the Mill—150l. 17s. 2d.

Lot V.—RARAIC, KIRKTOWN, and ARDBILL, with the Inn of Kirktown, subject to the burden of the Minister's glebe—105l. 17s. 2d.

Lot VI.—BALMACARRO, with the House—90l.

Lot VII.—KYLE, with the Ferry and Inn—44l. 14s. 3½d.

Lot VIII.—ERBEAIG and DURNINISH—74l. 11s. 5d.

Lot IX.—PLOCK and ACHNADARROCH—181l. 8s. 7d.

Lot X.—FERNAIG and BRAINTRAE—155l. 2s. 10½d.

Lot XI.—AUCHMORE, with the INN, & ARDNARFE, —131l. 4s.

The lands of Rarsig and Kirktown are under lease to the Minister during his incumbency. One half of Durinish is possessed during life by a man who is upwards of seventy years of age, and is very infirm. The remainder of the lands are let on nineteen years leases, of which the commencement was at Whitsunday 1794. But the leases of Nonoch, Pollentarie, Achnabeine, Sallachie, Balmacarro, Kyle, Erbeaig, half of Durinish, Braintrae, and Achmore, contain a stipulated break, in the option of the proprietor, at Whitsunday 1801, and again at Whitsunday 1808.

The kelp shores of Lochalsh, along with those of Kintail, stand on a nine years lease, at the total yearly rent of 150l.—The proportions of this rent, corresponding to the several farms on the coast, are ascertained by a survey taken 4th March 1790, and these proportions of the said rent will be assigned to the purchasers of these lots respectively.

A rental of the several lots, containing a more particular description of each, and every other information, may be obtained by applying either to the Right Hon. Lord Seaforth, (the proprietor;) or Mr Peter Fairbairn, at Castle Brahan, by Beauly; or George Gillanders, Esq. of Highfield, by Beauly; or Messrs. Alexander and Colin Mackenzie, writers to the signet, Edinburgh; any of whom will receive proposals for a treaty by private bargain any time before the day of sale.

The title-deeds are in the hands of Messrs. A. and C. Mackenzie; and the lands will be shewn by applying to Mr Archibald MacRa, at Ardentoul, the factor, or to the ground officer.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 7th February next, betwixt the hours of two and three o'clock afternoon,

THE Estate of KINNAIRD, beautifully situated on the south side of the Tay, six miles above Dunkeld.

This estate, whether it is to be considered with a view to the pleasures and amusements of the country, or with a view to improvement, will be found superior to most Highland estates of the same extent. There are two houses on the property, fit for the accommodation of genteel families, and which have been long in great request for summer residence. Their situation is romantic, and the rocks and rising ground by which they are sheltered are beautifully wooded.—In the river, on the banks of which they are situated, there is excellent salmon and trout fishing, either with the rod or net, and the estate abounds with game of every kind.

The whole of the estate is under lease, but the leases of the principal farms expire in five years; and besides a garden and orchard, there are upwards of one hundred acres under-wood in the proprietor's possession.

Further particulars will be learned by applying to Donald M'Lean, writer to the signet, who has powers to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 7th day of March 1798, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of BALMORALL, situated in the beautiful country of Strathdee, and parish of Crathie, on the south bank of the Dee, about nine miles below the Castle of Braemar, on the great military road leading from Perth to Fort George.—The woods are extensive and valuable. They consist of fir, birch, allar, roantree, hazel, and poplar, are all natural, and a very considerable part full grown, ready for market.—The mansion-house is commodious and substantial, with suitable offices, and two gardens, and the woods and very extensive muirs abound with red and roe deer, black game, grouse, tarmigans, hares, both brown and white, and partridges. The Dee affords plenty of salmon and trout, and the Gaulder, which runs through the property, is one of the best trouting streams in the country. There is an excellent lime-stone quarry on the estate, with plenty of peat and other fuel for burning the lime, and for the accommodation of the poprietor and tenants, which is a material advantage, as the arable land may be said to be in a state of nature, although it possesses the means of improvement within itself.—The present free rent is 161l. 9s. 4d. 9-12ths, but most of the farms are out of lease, and the tenants will give a considerable rise upon a renewal of the leases. The lands hold of the Earl of Fife, for payment of 3l. 9s. 11d. Sterling of feu-duty, and the teinds are valued and exhausted. The tenants pay cess over and above their rent, and deliver 550 loads of peats annually.

For further information application may be made to Hugh Bremner, accomptant in Edinburgh, or Mr Peter Farquharson, advocate in Aberdeen.

EXCHEQUER CHAMBERS, EDINBURGH,

MAY 31. 1797.

BY order of the Barons, intimation is hereby given, That MARY WALLACE, wife of John Wilson, candlemaker at Buccleugh place, and only surviving child of the deceased Jean Tod, daughter of Alexander Tod, in the parish of Carmichael, by Alexander Wallace, also deceased, sometime in the parish of Pittanain, in the presbytery and county of Lanark, her husband, and the said John Wilson for his interest, have applied for a gift of *ultimus hæres* of the effects of Adam Watson, carter and cow-feeder in Edinburgh, and David Watson, cow-feeder and horse-hyrer there, his brother-german, sons of David Watson, labourer in Pittanain, by Lillias Tod his wife.

HOUSE IN GEORGE STREET FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 9th day of February next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THAT ELEGANT HOUSE, No. 44, north side of George Street, consisting of fifteen fire-rooms, besides various conveniencies, together with back area, coach house, stables, &c. all as presently possessed by Mrs Drummond of Megginch.

The house is in the most complete repair; and a purchaser may have access at Whitsunday next.

Apply to Messrs. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

TO BE SOLD,

By Public Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 7th day of March next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE VILLA of ST BERNARDS, beautifully situated upon the banks of the Water of Leith, within ten minutes walk of the New Town of Edinburgh.

The house is large and commodious, consisting of dining room, 20 feet by 16—drawing room, 24 by 18—seven large bed rooms, light closets, kitchen, apartments for servants, and every accommodation for a large family, with a complete set of offices in excellent repair.

The grounds, measuring about ten acres, are elegantly laid out, and divided into orchard, grass ground, kitchen garden, planting, and shrubbery, including a summer house, large vine house, green house, and mineral well. There is likewise a considerable quantity of valuable wood upon the property, part of it nearly 80 years old.

This villa, so well known for the beauty of its situation, unites, from its vicinity to the metropolis, all the advantages of a town residence to the pleasures of a country retirement.

The title deeds, which are clear and complete, are in the hands of John Ross, W. S. to whom application may be made for further particulars.

TO BE SOLD,

By public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Friday the 2d day of February next, at six o'clock in the evening,

ALL and WHOLE that DWELLING-HOUSE, being the second story or flat above the shops of the wester land, in the easter division of the four tenements of land called JACK'S LAND, lying in the Canongate of Edinburgh, opposite to St John's Street, consisting of three rooms, kitchen, and light closet, with garret and cellar.

The premisses are insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office, and the premium paid up. There is a yearly sum of 10s. 9d. received from the Office, which will be sold along with the house or not, as purchasers incline.

Immediate access may be had to the premisses.

The title deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of Robert Moir, at No. 6. South Hanover Street, who has powers to conclude a private bargain.

VILLAS

In the Neighbourhood of Edinburgh,

And other Subjects for Sale.

To be SOLD, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th of January curt. at one o'clock afternoon,

I. THE VILLA of BROUGHTON PARK, lying on the north side, and in the immediate vicinity of Edinburgh; consisting of 13 acres, 2 roods, 37 falls, all well inclosed, at present occupied mostly in nursery.

Upon the premisses are a commodious neat Mansion-house, Garden, and suitable offices, possessed by Andrew Leslie seedsman in Edinburgh, the proprietor, besides a smaller dwelling-house, small garden, &c. occupied by a tenant.

II. The Property at PORTOBELLO, lying about three miles east from Edinburgh, upon the sea-shore, belonging to James Cunningham, writer in Edinburgh; consisting of 41-5th Scots acres, all well fenced with stone walls, and laid out in three separate inclosures surrounded with gardens, shrubbery, &c.

In the southermost inclosure adjoining to the Musselburgh road, there is a neat commodious dwelling-house. And in the north inclosure upon the sea side, there is also a neat dwelling-house, commonly known by the name of *Portobello Tower*, with proper offices, &c.

The premisses are most particularly well adapted for bathing quarters, and may either be occupied in the manner they presently are, or converted into three separate villas, the middle inclosure affording a delightful situation for a house.

III. The MANSION-HOUSE of Bridge Castle, in Linlithgowshire, and about ten Scots acres of ground around it, all substantially inclosed, with a garden well stocked with choice fruit trees, and suitable offices, lying about five measured miles from Linlithgow, and two from Bathgate, upon the new road leading from Linlithgow to the new Glasgow road, which affords a most convenient access.

The Mansion-house is substantial, and would be a very comfortable residence for a genteel family, being large, surrounded by fine old trees, pleasantly situated upon a good trouting water, which passes under the garden wall, and in the centre of a sporting country.

Mr Leslie will show the premisses at Broughton Park;—and the servants at Portobello and Bridge Castle those there.

For further information, persons inclining to purchase, may apply to Donald M'Laine, seedsman in Edinburgh, trustee for the creditors of Messrs. Leslie and Cunningham, or to Alexander Forsyth, writer in Edinburgh, in whose hands the articles of roup and title deeds of the subjects may be seen.

HOUSES IN BALTIC STREET, LEITH.

FOR SALE,

THAT LODGING possessed by Mr Robert Grieve, merchant in Leith, being the first above the cellars, and opposite the Naval Yard, consisting of a large dining and drawing room, three bed rooms, and closets, &c. together with a good light kitchen and cellar in the back court, and a joint right to two back courts and pump well.

That LODGING possessed by Mrs Blackhall, being the eastmost lodging of that great land, and first above the cellars.—This lodging is of the same dimensions, in every respect, with Mr Grieve's lodging, and is entitled to the same privileges.

That SMALL DWELLING-HOUSE below Mr Grieve's lodging, consisting of one room and closet, together with a large cellar, fronting Baltic Street, of easy access.

For particulars, apply to Patrick Russell, W. S. Argyle Square.

THREAD MANUFACTORY,

AND UTENSILS—AT DUNDEE FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Trades Hall of Dundee, on Wednesday the 31st day of January 1798, at twelve o'clock noon,

ALL and WHOLE, that large and extensive THREAD MANUFACTORY, situated on the Castlehill of Dundee, lately occupied by John Wemyss and Sons, thread-manufacturers in Dundee, with the whole UTENSILS of said work. Also, Two GARDENS adjoining thereto.

This work has been of a long standing, and well known, lying immediately alongside the river Tay, and has a substantial well-built pier for loading and unloading goods and materials from the river.

Also, that large, new, and commodious LODGING on the north side of the Thread Work, presently possessed by Walter Wemyss.

The manufactory and gardens may be set up together or separately, as will be most agreeable to purchasers.

The title-deeds of the property, inventories of the utensils, with a description of the works, and the articles of sale, may be seen by applying to Thomas Mawer, writer in Dundee, trustee on the estate of the said John Wemyss and Sons; and any further information may be had from James Campbell, W. S. St Andrew's Square, Edinburgh, who will shew the inventory of the utensils, and a description of the manufactory, houses, and ground.

TO CREDITORS.

THE Trustee for the Creditors of JAMES WOOD, merchant in Eyemouth, requests a general Meeting of the creditors to be held at Eyemouth, within the house of Mrs Allanshaw, vintner there, on Friday the 2d day of February next at 12 o'clock mid-day, to consider of two processes now in dependence before the Court of Session, one at the instance of the James Wood, against Alexander Muir in Culrose, and George Philip in Newmills, and the other at the instance of the trustee against John Fordyce of Ayton, and Robert Thompson his factor, with the proposals made by them for having these questions settled, the first by compromise, the last by submission, and to instruct the trustee how to act therein.

TO CREDITORS.

A General Meeting of the Creditors of the late HUGH CAMPBELL, Packman of Blairngone Coal, is to be held within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 31st day of January curt. at one o'clock afternoon, at which time and place the creditors are earnestly requested to attend by themselves or their doers properly authorised, as matters of importance are to be submitted to the meeting, relative to the funds and future management.

N. B.—A few sober steady COLLIERS (Pickmen and Bearers) will meet with good encouragement, by applying to Mrs Campbell at Easter Dollarbeg, or Henry Scotland at Newry-head, near Blairngone.——Not to be repeated.

To the CREDITORS of

PETER NIBLIE, late Farmer at Buckley.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Peter Niblie hereby intimates, that he has made up a state of the bankrupt's affairs at 14th December last, with a scheme of division of the funds among the creditors——which state and scheme lie at his writing office, No. 38. Queen Street, Edinburgh, for the inspection of the creditors, until Thursday the 14th of March next, at twelve o'clock noon, when a meeting of the creditors is to be held there, to receive their dividends, and give instructions relative to the estate.

Edinburgh, Jan. 15. 1798.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

THE Trustee for the Creditors of MUAT and AITKEN, sometime merchants in Edinburgh, requests a meeting of their creditors, or doers properly authorised, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 29th day of January curt. at 12 o'clock noon, when matters of considerable importance will be laid before them, and on this account it is hoped the meeting will be full.

N. B. Not to be repeated.

SALE OF SUBJECTS IN LEITH,

AND

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 31st January current, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE following SUBJECTS, lying at the foot of St Andrew's Street in Leith, which belonged to the now deceased William Dryfdale, merchant in Leith, and afterwards to David Dryfdale, his son.

A DWELLING-HOUSE and SHOP, possessed by Mrs Davidson, at 5l. of yearly rent.

A HOUSE possessed by Alexander Forsyth, at 3l.

A HOUSE and two SHOPS, possessed by Alexander Henderson, at 14l.

Two FLATS above the shops, possessed by sundry tenants at about 28l. of yearly rent.

A large LOFT for VICTUAL, immediately above the dwelling-houses, for which about 4l. is drawn yearly.

For further particulars application may be made to Charles Selkrig, accountant in Edinburgh, or to John Syme, W. S.

And as Mr Selkrig means immediately to divide the funds of the said William and David Dryfdale which have been recovered, it is requested that such of the creditors who have not already done so, will immediately lodge with him their grounds of debt, and oaths on the verity.

FARM IN FIFE.

To LET, for Nineteen Years from Martinmas next 1798,

HILLARY, in the parish of Kingsbarns, containing about 169 acres of arable land, with the Mill thereof, and thirlage thereto belonging, all as presently possessed by David Carstairs; lying within two miles of Crail, and six of St Andrews, and in the neighbourhood of coal and lime.

Proposals in writing between and the first of April next, may be given in to Mr Cheap of Strathtyrum, No. 45. George Street, Edinburgh, or to Mr Alexander Fraser, Postmaster at St Andrews. Such as are not accepted of shall be concealed.

FARM IN FIFE.

To be LET, for such number of years as can be agreed on, and entered to at Martinmas 1798,

THE EAST MAINS of KILBRACKMONTH, as presently possessed by Philip Mackie, lying in the parish of Kilconquhar, with an inclosure called the BACK PARK, which has for sometime been possessed by Thomas Duncan, and has been upwards of twenty years in pasture grass. The whole contains about 147½ acres of rich thick soil, fit for raising crops of any kind. All the grounds are arable excepting about 16 acres of pasture. The farm lies within three miles of the harbour of Ely, and there is abundance of coal and lime in the immediate neighbourhood.

Proposals in writing for a lease will be received between and Candlemas next, either by Mr James Walker, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or by Mr Whyte in Crail; and the proposals will be kept secret if desired.

FARM IN BERWICKSHIRE.

TO BE LET,

THE FARM of BRIDGEND, part of the Estate of Swinton, consisting of about 96 English acres, in nine inclosed fields, with the Houses and Offices thereon, for 19 or 21 years, from the separation of the crop and Martinmas 1798.

The articles of lease are to be seen in the hands of George Meikle, overseer at Swinton House, and of Mr Turnbull, writer in Dunse; and signed offers in writing to be given in betwixt and the 1st of April next, to Mr Swinton, W. S. Queen Street, Edinburgh, mentioning the money rent the offerers are willing to pay over and above the victual rent specified in the articles. The offers not accepted of shall be kept secret, and carefully returned.

ADDITIONAL LIST of Game Certificates and Deputations, issued by the Sheriff Clerk of the County of DUMFRIES.

CERTIFICATES.

Abbot Hamilton, Mr James, residing at Drumbuie
Armstrong, Edward, Esq. at Kirkleton
Cotton, Mr Thomas, residing at Dalwhat
Edgar, Mr Thomas, Castlehill
Farries, Mr William, merchant in Ecclefechan
Grierson, Alexander, Esq. residing at Rockhall
Grierson, William, Esq. there
Goldie, James, Esq. at Stenhouse
Heron, John, Esq. of Inglifton
Johnston, Mr James, in Grange
Kirkpatrick, Mr Samuel, in Hallmyre
Lowther, George, Esq. younger of Dornock
M'Ghie, John, Esq. of Castlehill
Menteith, Charles G. Stuart, Esq. of Closeburn
Miller, Mr John, in Over Inglifton
Stewart, J. B. Esq. residing at Springfield
Veitch, Henry, Esq. of Eliock

DEPUTATIONS.

Brown, Andrew, at Castlehill, gamekeeper to Andrew Johnston, Esq. of Castlehill
Nielson, Joseph, in Lakehead—to Charles G. S. Menteith, Esq. of Closeburn
Rae, William, in Little Culloch—to John M'George of Little Culloch.
Thomson, William, in Inglifton——to John Heron, Esq. of Inglifton.

January 15, 1798. JA. THOMSON, Dep. Sh. Clk.

ADDITIONAL GAME LIST for the Stewartry of KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

George Craig, writer, Kirkcudbright.
David M'Culloch, Esq. of Torrisdikie.
Lieut. David Blair, residing at Borgue.

Nov. 13, 1797. JA. NIVEN.

PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN (AGENT FOR THE SUN FIRE OFFICE AND INSURANCE ON LIVES) AT HIS PRINTING-HOUSE, OLD FISH MARKET CLOSE, EVERY MONDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY.

Price of a single paper 6d.—L. 3: 18s. per annum, when called for.—L.4. delivered in Town, or in Leith; and L.4: 4s. sent by Post to any part of Great Britain.